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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 2127 (2013) concerning the Central African Republic

Note verbale dated 26 February 2014 from the Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Please find enclosed the report of Norway submitted to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 2127 (2013) concerning the Central African Republic pursuant to paragraph 58 of Security Council resolution 2127 (2013) (see annex). Also find enclosed a translation of the Norwegian Act of 18 December 1987 relating to control of the export of strategic goods, services, technology, etc.*

* The Act referred to is on file with the Secretariat and is available for consultation.

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Annex to the note verbale dated 26 February 2014 from the Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report pursuant to paragraph 58 of Security Council resolution 2127 (2013) to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 2127 (2013) concerning the Central African Republic

I. Introduction

Norway remains fully committed to the implementation of the embargo on deliveries of weapons and military equipment established by Security Council resolution 2127 (2013). Norway is further committed to the implementation of Security Council resolution 2134 (2014) and will report to the Committee on the steps taken to implement the said resolution in due time.

II. Legal measures

The Act of 18 December 1987 relating to control of the export of strategic goods, services, technology, etc., is the legal basis for control of the export of such goods in general. The King in Council has, by the authority provided for in section 1 of the Act, prohibited any export of goods, technology or services that could be of importance to the development, production or use by other countries of products for military use, or that could directly benefit the development of a State's military capability, without the permission of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The Export Control Section at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is responsible for administrating the export control system, including the processing of export licence applications in accordance with the export control act and the export control regulations. The products and technologies for which such permission is required are specified in specific export control lists. The Act also prohibits persons who are residents or staying in Norway, as well as Norwegian companies, foundations and associations, from trading or otherwise assisting in the sale of arms and defence material from one foreign country to another without special permission.

According to section VII.B. of the export control regulations, the export of any goods, technology or service for military use to an area subject to an arms embargo imposed by the United Nations Security Council requires a licence from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Export licences will not be granted in conflict with Security Council resolutions.

Before processing an application, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs requires that satisfactory documentation be submitted. Documentation that identifies the end user is generally required.

III. Contravention of the legal measures

The Norwegian authorities concerned are not aware of any contraventions of the legal measures described above in relation to the Central African Republic.